1. Two particles $A$ and $B$ have position vectors $\mathbf{r}_{A}$ metres and $\mathbf{r}_{B}$ metres at time $t$ seconds, where

$$
\mathbf{r}_{A}=f \mathbf{i}+(3 t-1) \mathbf{j} \text { and } \mathbf{r}_{\mathrm{B}}=(1-2 f) \mathbf{i}+(3 t-2 f) \mathbf{j} \text {, for } t \geq 0 .
$$

(a) Find the values of $t$ when $A$ and $B$ are moving with the same speed.
(b) Show that the distance, $d$ metres, between $A$ and $B$ at time $t$ satisfies

$$
d^{2}=13 t^{2}-10 t^{2}+2
$$

(c) Hence find the shortest distance between $A$ and $B$ in the subsequent motion.

## Mark scheme

| Question |  | Answer/Indicative content | Marks | Guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | a | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\mathbf{r}}_{A}=2 t \mathbf{i}+3 \mathbf{j} \\ & \dot{\mathbf{r}}_{B}=-4 t \mathbf{i}+(3-4 t) \mathbf{j} \\ & (2)^{2}+9=(-4)^{2}+(3-4)^{2} \\ & 7 t-6 t=0 \Rightarrow t=\ldots \\ & t=0 \text { or } t=\frac{6}{7} \end{aligned}$ | B1 (AOs 1.1) <br> B1 (AOs 1.1) <br> M1 (AOs <br> 3.1a) <br> M1 (AOs 1.1) <br> A1 (AOs 1.1) | $\left\|\dot{\mathbf{r}}_{A}\right\|=\left\|\dot{\mathbf{r}}_{B}\right\|$ <br> with/without square root <br> Expand and attempt to solve quadratic in $t$ (to obtain two solutions) <br> Both values of $t$ must be given |  |
|  | b | $\begin{aligned} & r_{A}-r_{B}=(3 t-1) i+(-1+2 t) \mathrm{j} \\ & d^{t}=\left(3 t^{2}-1\right)^{2}+(-1+2 t)^{2} \\ & =9 t^{t}-6 t+1+4 t^{2}+1=13 t^{t}-10 t+2 \end{aligned}$ | *M1 (AOs 3.1a) <br> dep*M1 (AOs <br> 1.1) <br> A1 (AOs <br> 2.2a) | Consider $\pm\left(r_{A}-r_{B}\right)$ Condon <br> error <br> Use of <br> $d^{2}=\left\|r_{A}-r_{B}\right\|^{2}$  <br> AG Expand correctly <br> to given answer Must show <br> one inter | one sign <br> vat least ediate step |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{~d} t}\left(d^{2}\right)=52 t^{3}-20 t \\ & \frac{\mathrm{~d}}{\mathrm{~d} t}\left(d^{2}\right)=0 \Rightarrow t=\ldots \\ & t=0 \text { and } t=\sqrt{\frac{5}{13}} \end{aligned}$ |  | Set their derivative $=0$ and solve for $t$ <br> Both values correct; accept 0.620... <br> e.g. $\frac{\mathrm{d}^{2}}{\mathrm{~d} t^{2}}\left(d^{2}\right)=156 t^{2}-20>0$ | Ignore any mention of negative values of $t$ |


|  | Substsitute their non-zero $t$ into $d$ or $d^{R}$ $d=\frac{1}{\sqrt{13}} \text { or } 0.277$ | 1.1) <br> A1 (AOs <br> 2.2a) <br> [6] | when $t^{2}=\frac{5}{13}$ so minimum <br> Dependent on all previous marks | Or any other valid method $0.277350 \ldots$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | 14 |  |  |

