

Please write clearly in	n block capitals.		
Centre number	Candidate number		
Surname		 	_
Forename(s)		 	_
Candidate signature	I declare this is my own work.	 	-
GUZE			

GCSE PHYSICS

Higher Tier Paper 1

Wednesday 20 May 2020 Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler
- a scientific calculator
- the Physics Equations Sheet (enclosed).

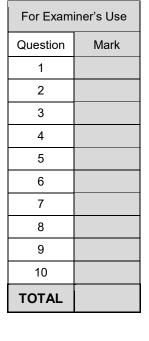
Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
- Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

Information

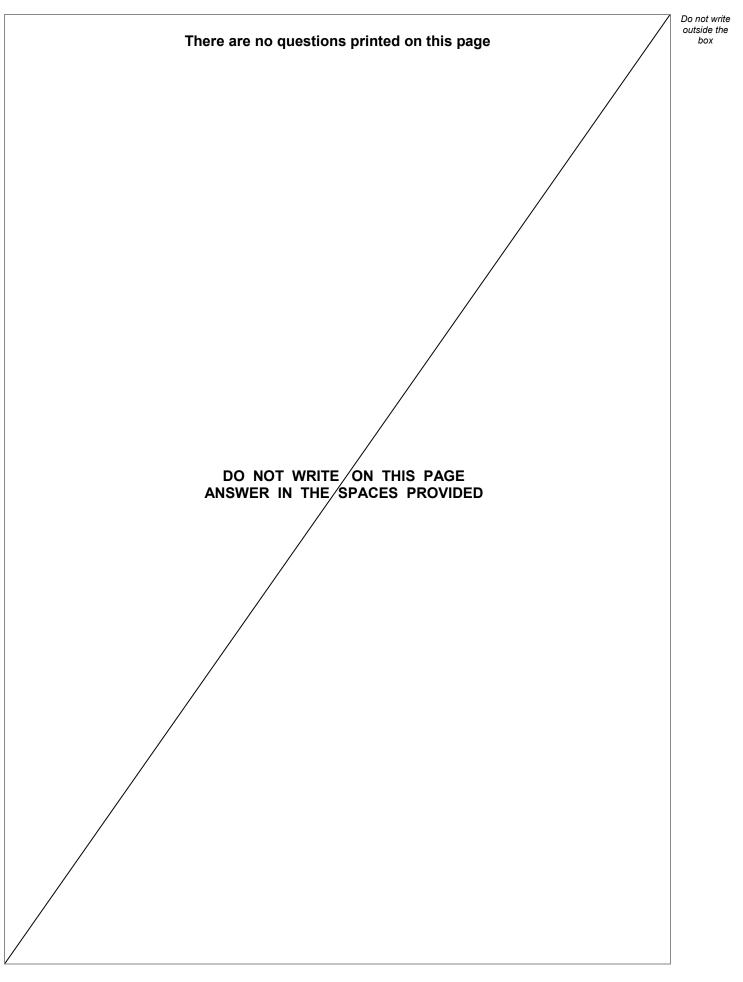
- The maximum mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.



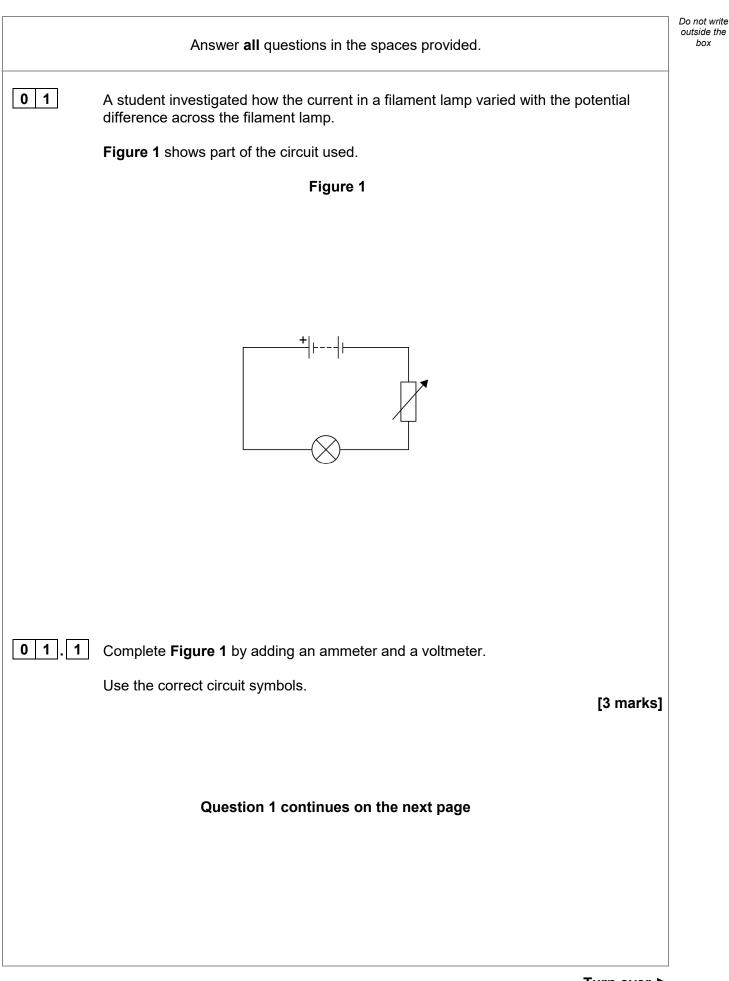


Н

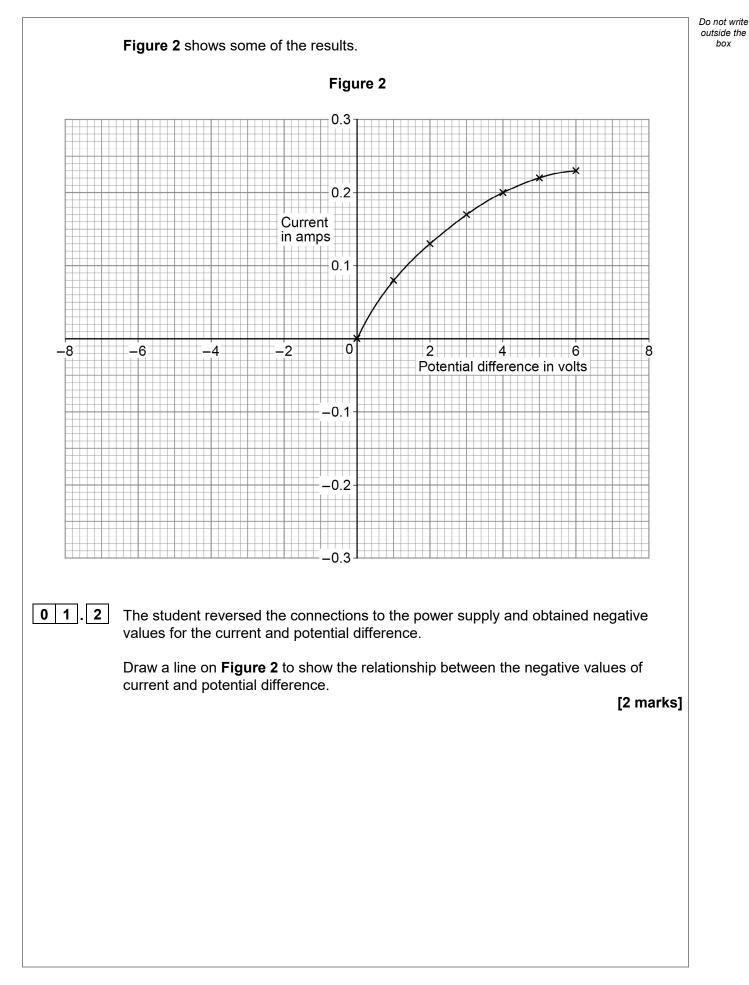








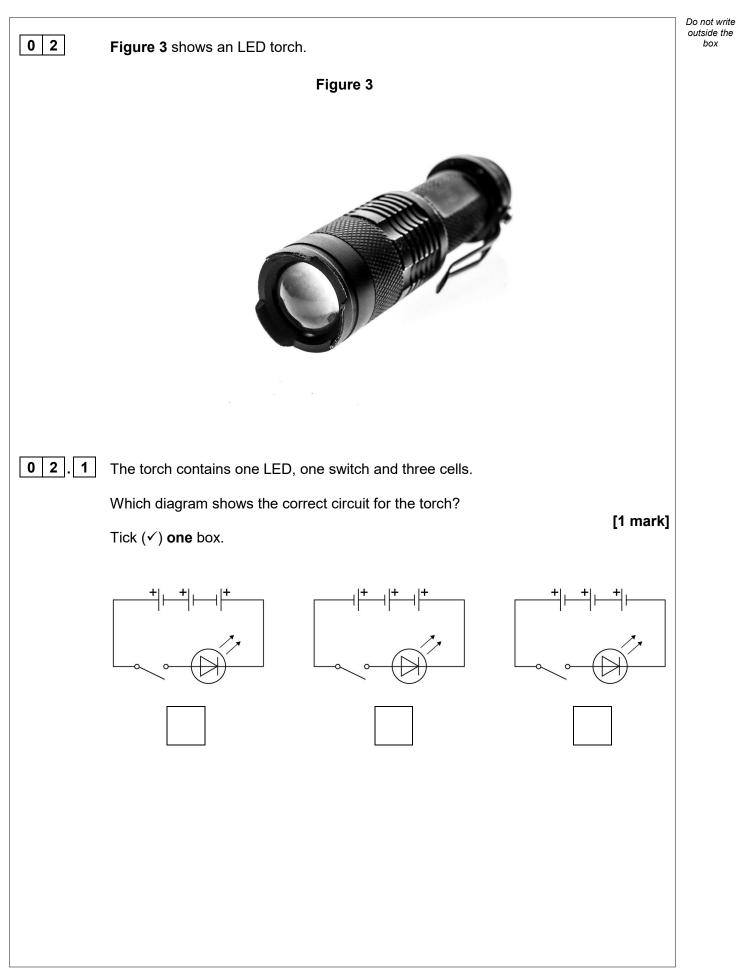






Write down the equation which links current (<i>I</i>), potential difference (<i>V</i>) and resistance (<i>R</i>). [1 mark]	Do not write outside the box
Determine the resistance of the filament lamp when the potential difference across it is 1.0 V. Use data from Figure 2 . [4 marks]	
Ω	
A second student did the same investigation. The ammeter used had a zero error. What is meant by a zero error? [1 mark]	
Turn over for the next question	
	resistance (R). [1 mark] Determine the resistance of the filament lamp when the potential difference across it is 1.0 V. Use data from Figure 2. Use data from Figure 2. [4 marks] Resistance = Ω A second student did the same investigation. The ammeter used had a zero error. What is meant by a zero error? [1 mark]







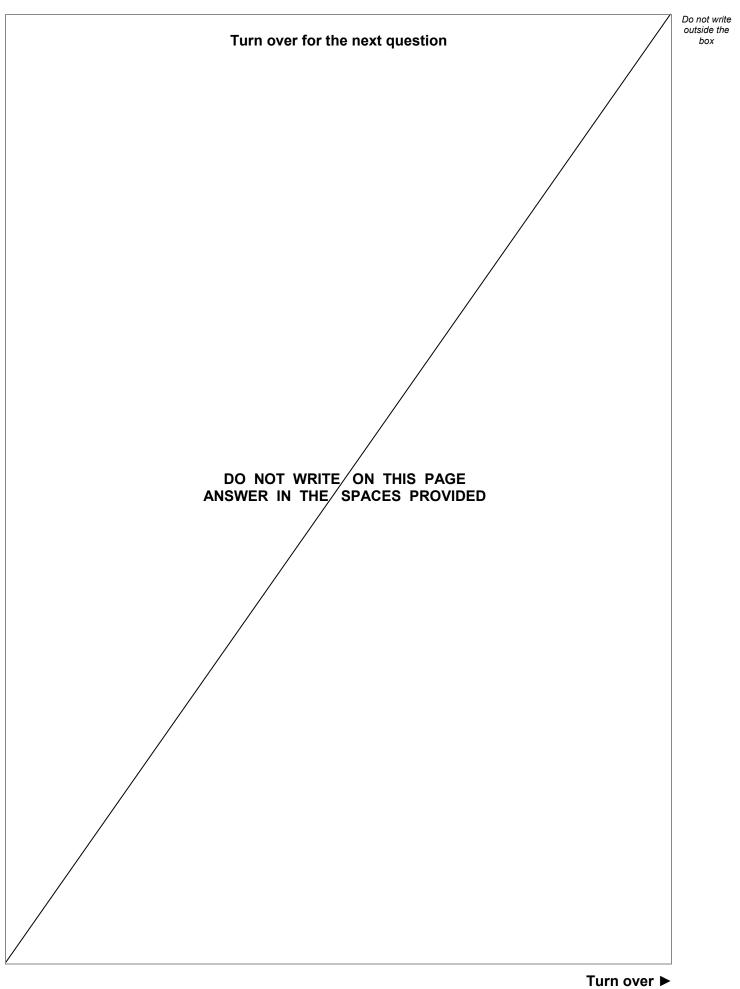
02.2	Write down the equation which links charge flow (Q), current (<i>I</i>) and time (<i>t</i>). [1 mark]	Do nc outsid b
02.3	The torch worked for 14 400 seconds before the cells needed replacing. The current in the LED was 50 mA. Calculate the total charge flow through the cells. [3 marks]	
	C	-
02.4	When replaced, the cells were put into the torch the wrong way around. Explain why the torch did not work. [2 marks]	
		-
	Question 2 continues on the next page	



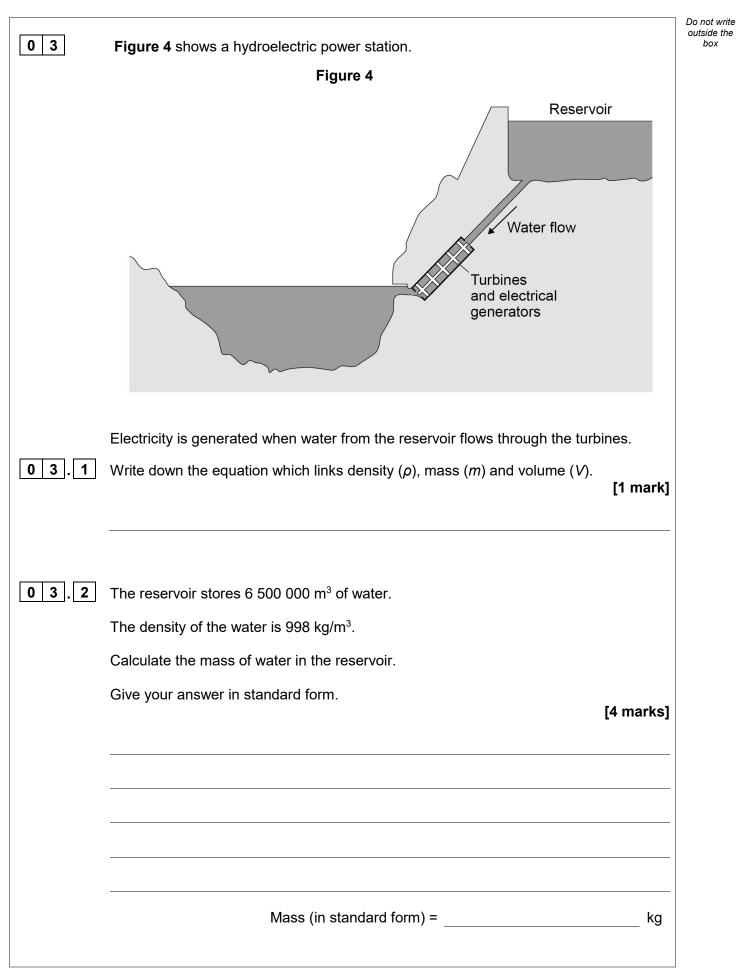
0 2.5	Write down the equation which links efficiency, total power input and useful power	Do not write outside the box
	output. [1 mark]	
02.6	The total power input to the LED was 0.24 W.	
	The efficiency of the LED was 0.75	
	Calculate the useful power output of the LED.	
	[3 marks]	
	Useful power output =W	11



8



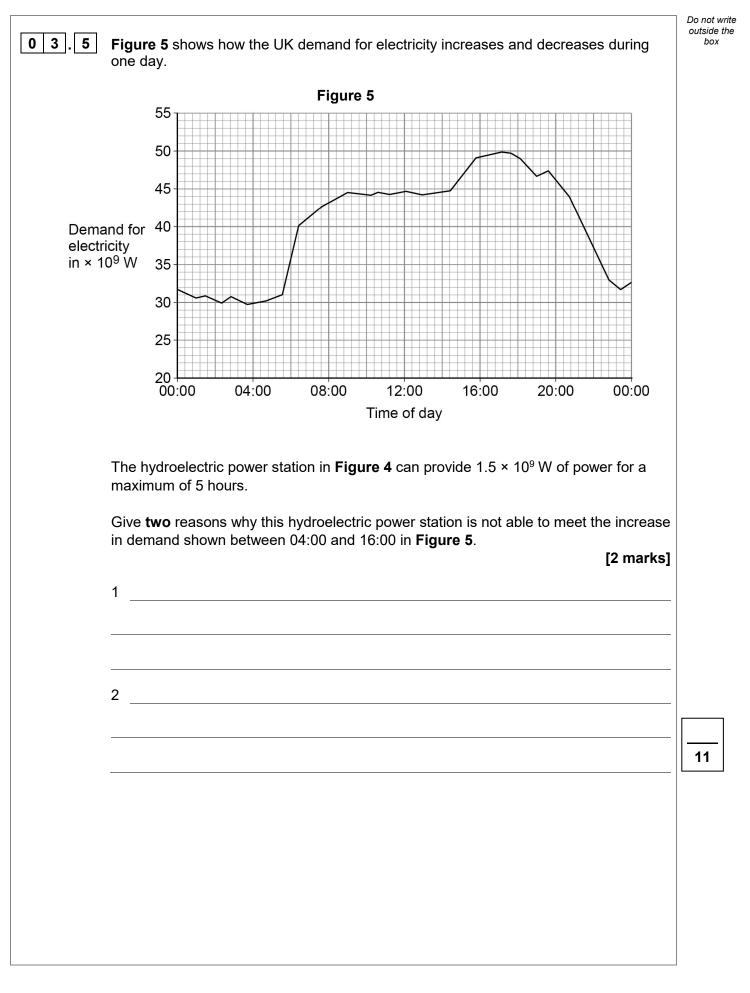




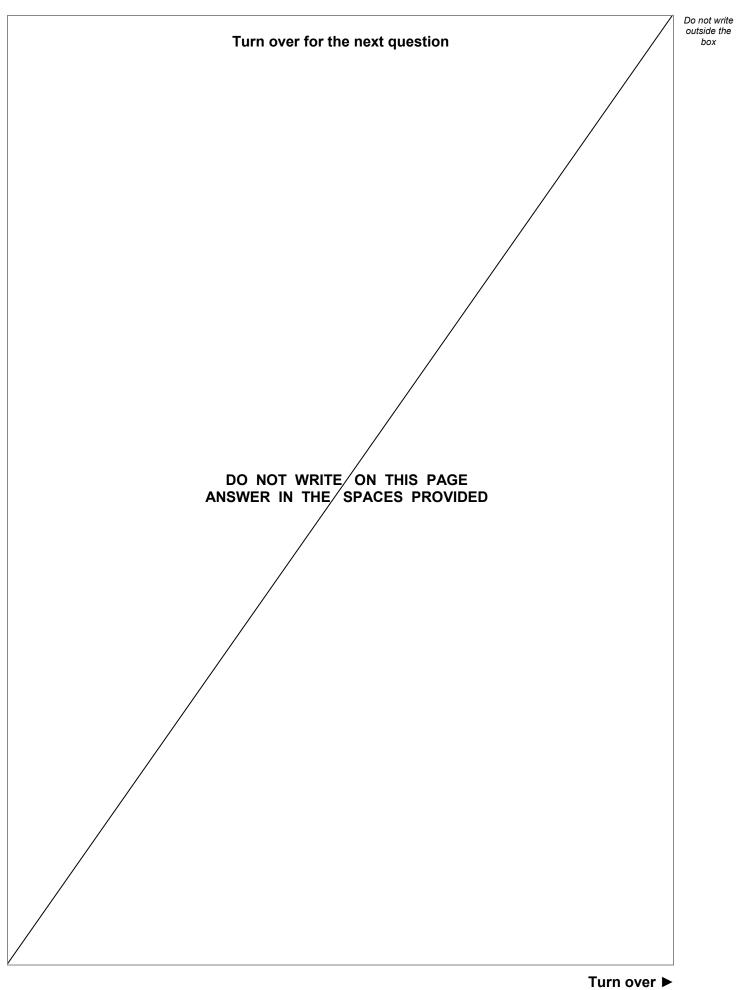


03.3	Write down the equation which links energy transferred (<i>E</i>), power (<i>P</i>) and time (<i>t</i>). [1 mark]	Do not w outside t box
03.4	The electrical generators can provide 1.5×10^9 W of power for a maximum of 5 hours. Calculate the maximum energy that can be transferred by the electrical generators. [3 marks]	
	Energy transferred = J	
	Question 3 continues on the next page	

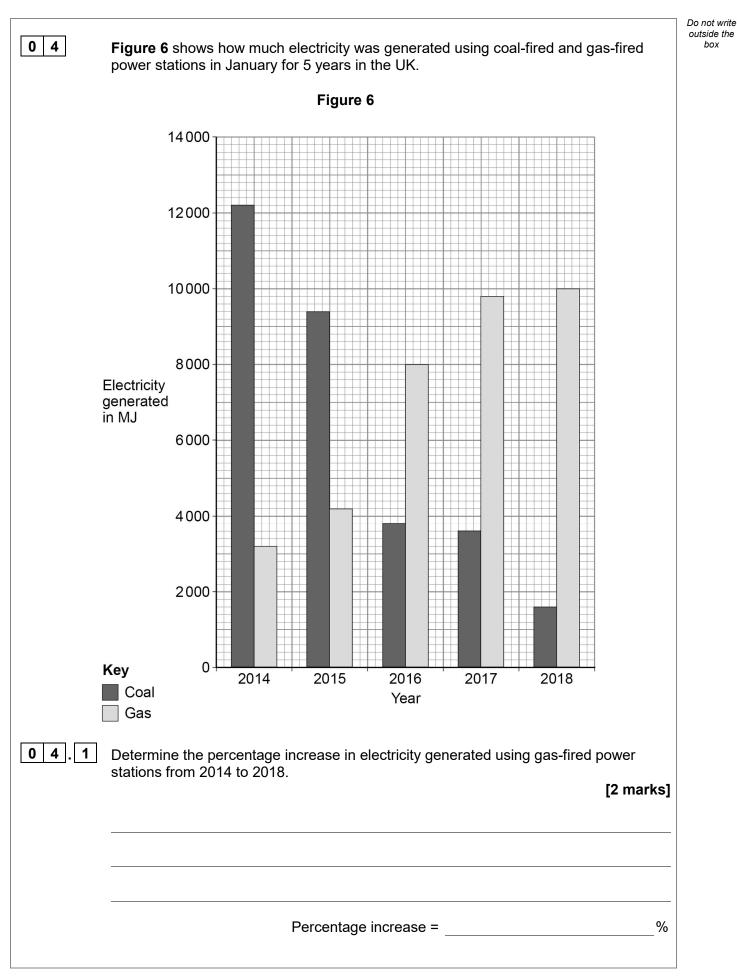








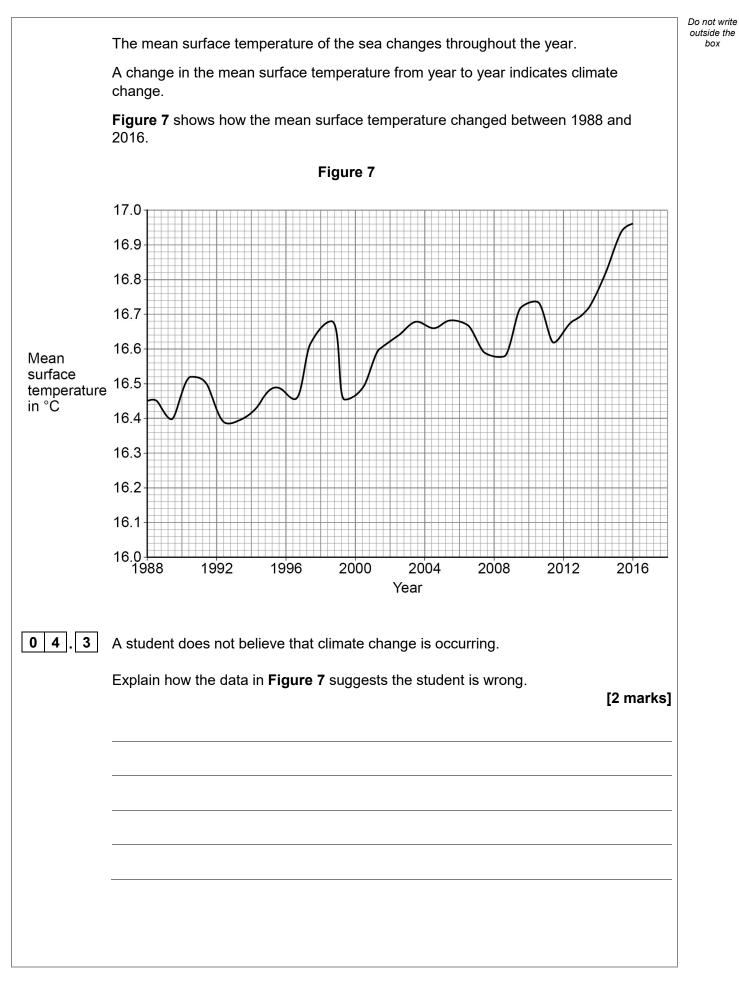




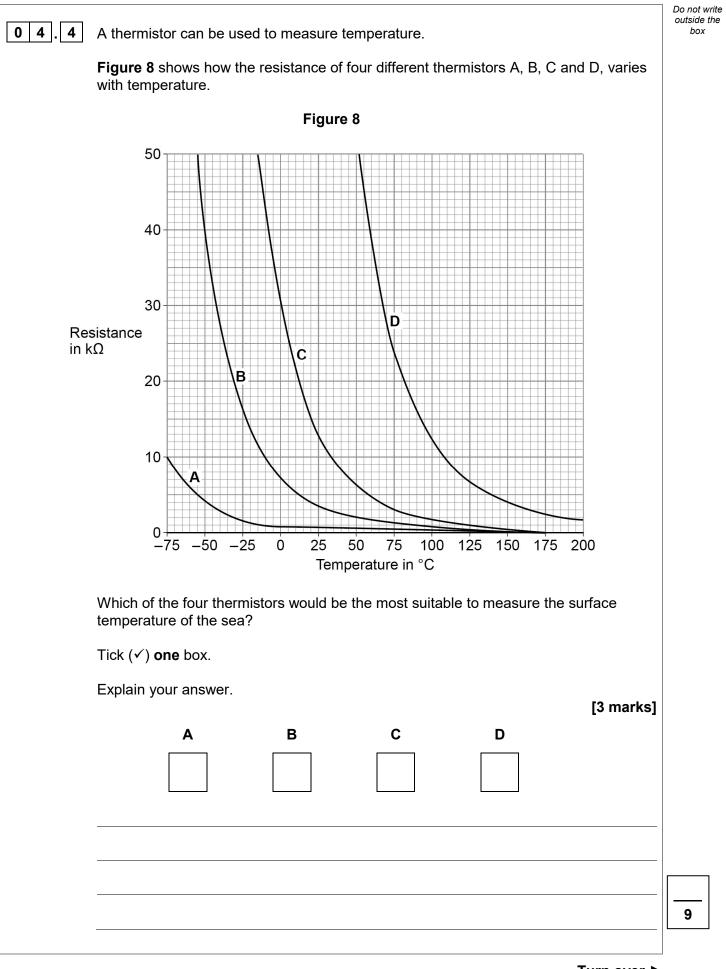


		Do i out
0 4 . 2	Give two environmental advantages of using a gas-fired power station to generate electricity compared with using a coal-fired power station.	
	[2 marks]	
	1	
	2	
	Question 4 continues on the payt page	
	Question 4 continues on the next page	
	Turn over ►	









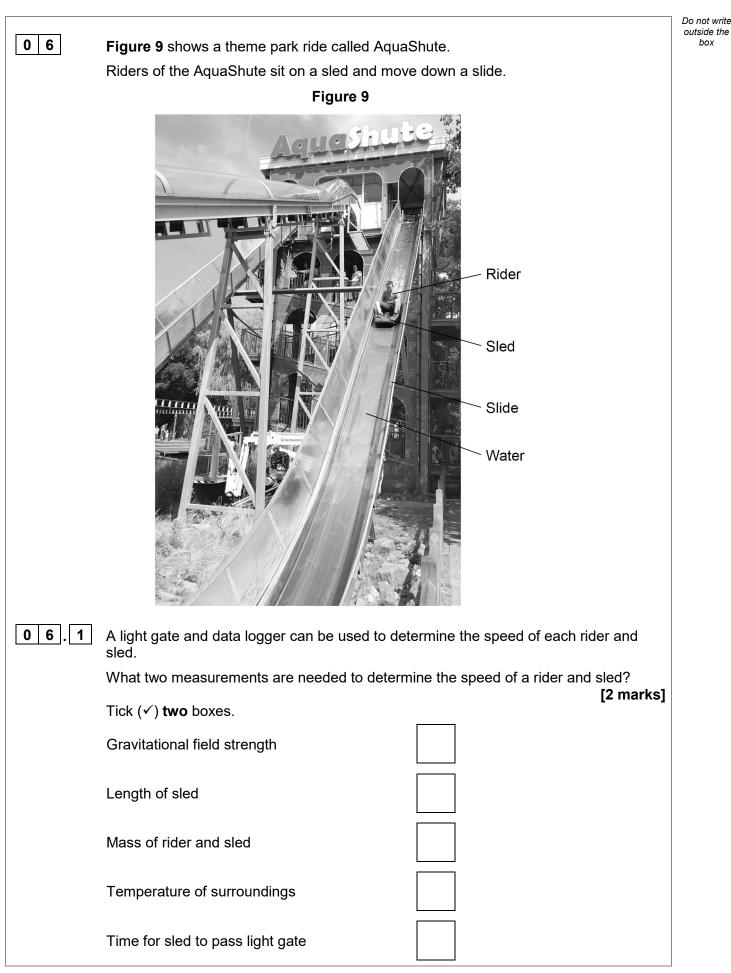


0 5	Radioactive waste from nuclear power stations is a man-made source of background radiation.	Do not write outside the box
0 5.1	Give one other man-made source of background radiation. [1 mark]	
	Nuclear power stations use the energy released by nuclear fission to generate	
0 5.2	electricity. Give the name of one nuclear fuel. [1 mark]	
0 5.3	Nuclear fission releases energy. Describe the process of nuclear fission inside a nuclear reactor.	
	[4 marks]	



05. 4 A new type of power station is being developed that will generate electricity using nuclear fusion.	Do not write outside the box
Explain how the process of nuclear fusion leads to the release of energy. [2 marks]	5]
	_
	_
0 5 . 5 Nuclear fusion power stations will produce radioactive waste. This waste will have a much shorter half-life than the radioactive waste from a nuclear fission power station.	
Explain the advantage of the radioactive waste having a shorter half-life. [2 marks]]
	_
	10
Turn over for the next question	

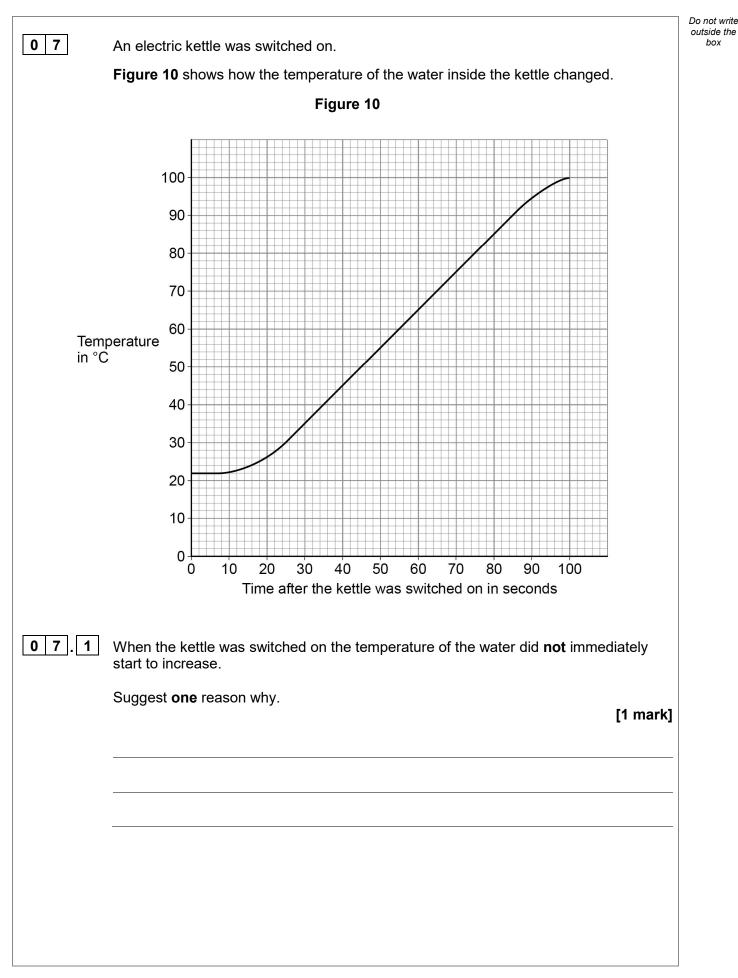






		Do not write outside the
0 6.2	The decrease in gravitational potential energy of one rider on the slide was 8.33 kJ.	box
	The rider moved through a vertical height of 17.0 m.	
	gravitational field strength = 9.8 N/kg	
	Calculate the mass of the rider.	
	[4 marks]	
	Mass of rider =kg	
06.3	At the bottom of the slide, all riders and their sleds have approximately the same speed.	
	Explain why.	
	[4 marks]	
		10
	Turn over for the next question	
]

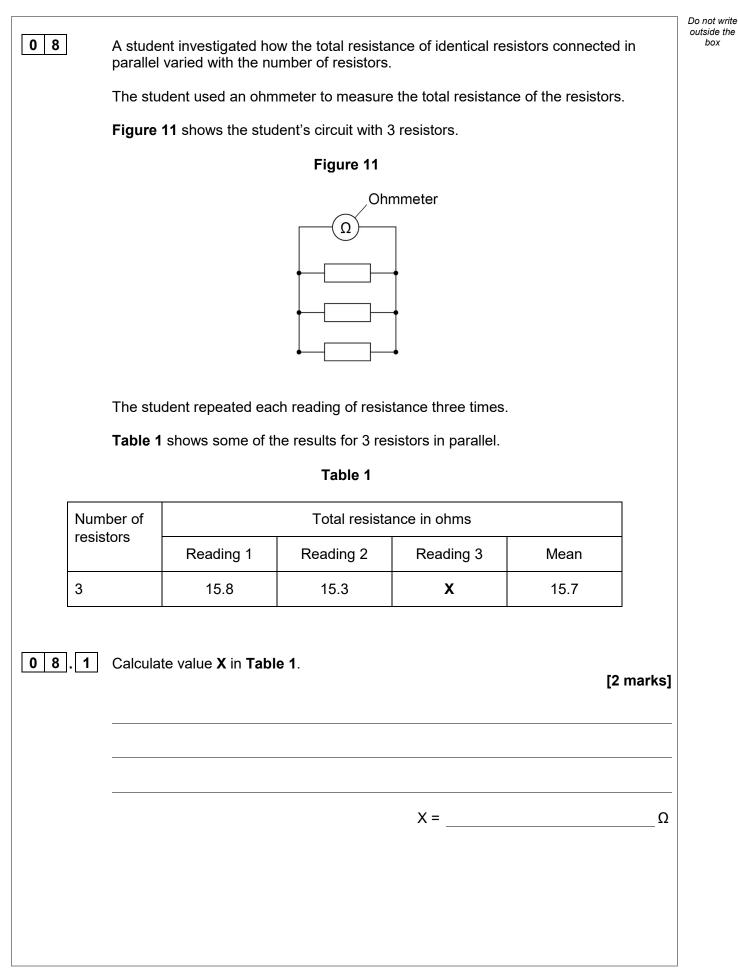






		Do not write
0 7.2	The energy transferred to the water in 100 seconds was 155 000 J.	outside the box
	specific heat capacity of water = 4200 J/kg °C	
	Determine the mass of water in the kettle.	
	Use Figure 10.	
	Give your answer to 2 significant figures.	
	[5 marks]	
	Mass of water (2 significant figures) =kg	
0 7 . 3	The straight section of the line in Figure 10 can be used to calculate the useful power output of the kettle.	
	Explain how.	
	[3 marks]	
		9

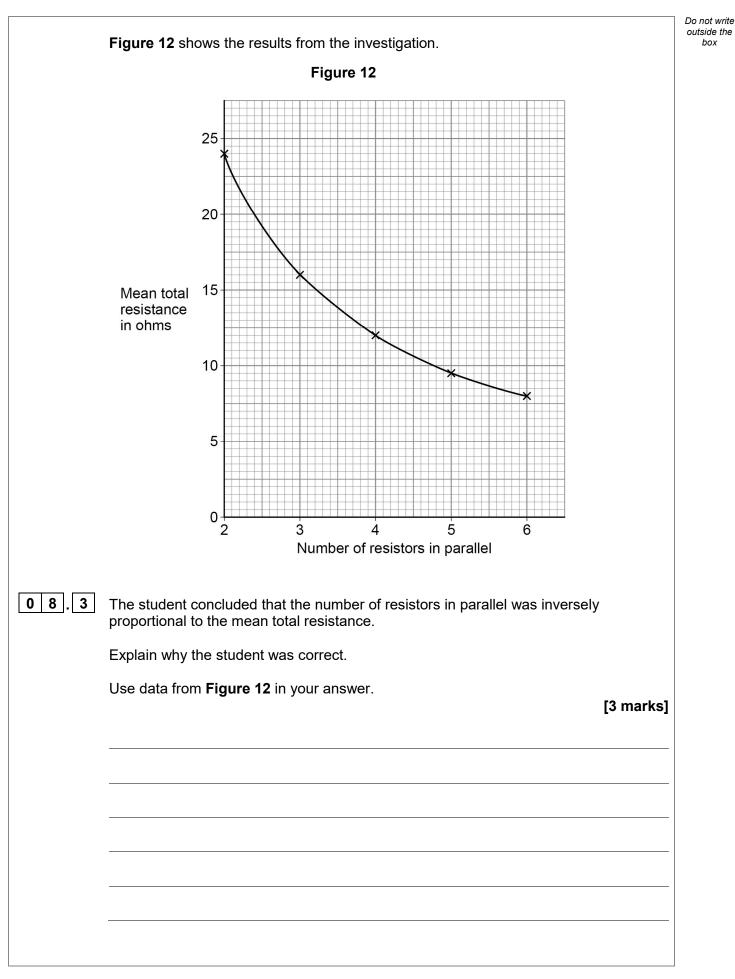






08.2	The student thought that taking a fourth reading would improve the precision of the	Do not writ outside the box
	results.	
	The fourth reading was 16.2 Ω .	
	Explain why the student was wrong. [2 marks]	
	Question 8 continues on the next page	
	Turn over ►	•







08.4	Explain why adding resistors in parallel decreases the total resistance. [2 marks]	Do not write outside the box
		9
	Turn over for the next question	
	Turn over ►	
2 7	IB/H/Jun20/8463/1H	

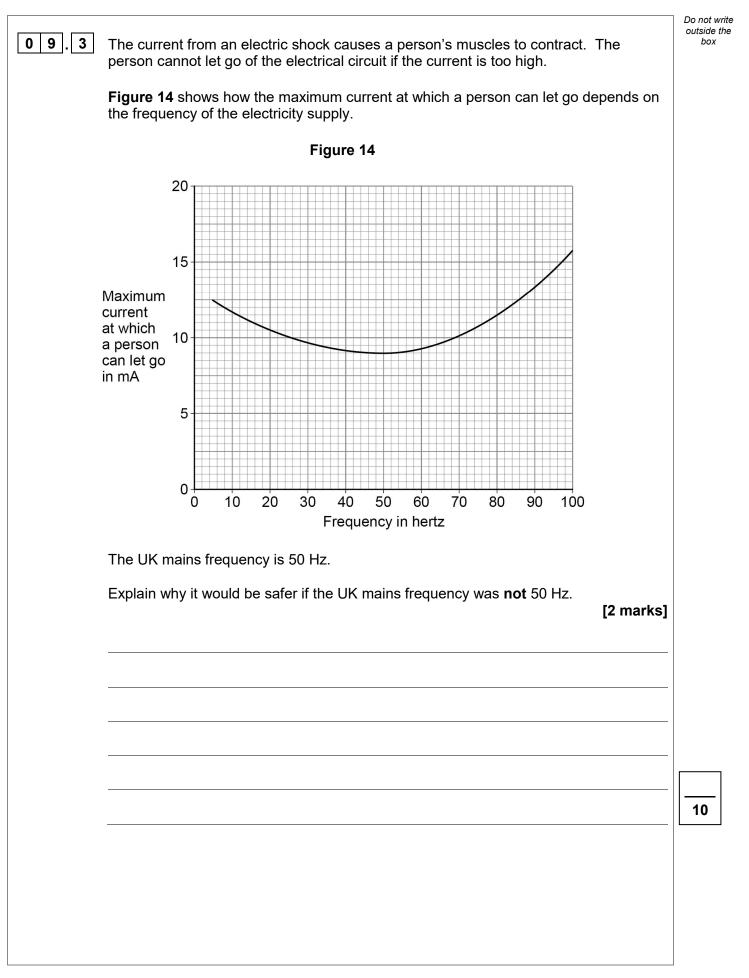
27

09	Figure 13 shows part of a mains electricity lighting circuit in a house.	Do not write outside the box
	Figure 13	
	Lamp	
	Neutral wire	
	Live wireo	
09.1	A fault in the switch caused a householder to receive a mild electric shock before a safety device switched the circuit off.	
	The mean power transfer to the person was 5.75 W.	
	The potential difference across the person was 230 V.	
	Calculate the resistance of the person. [5 marks]	
	Resistance =Ω	

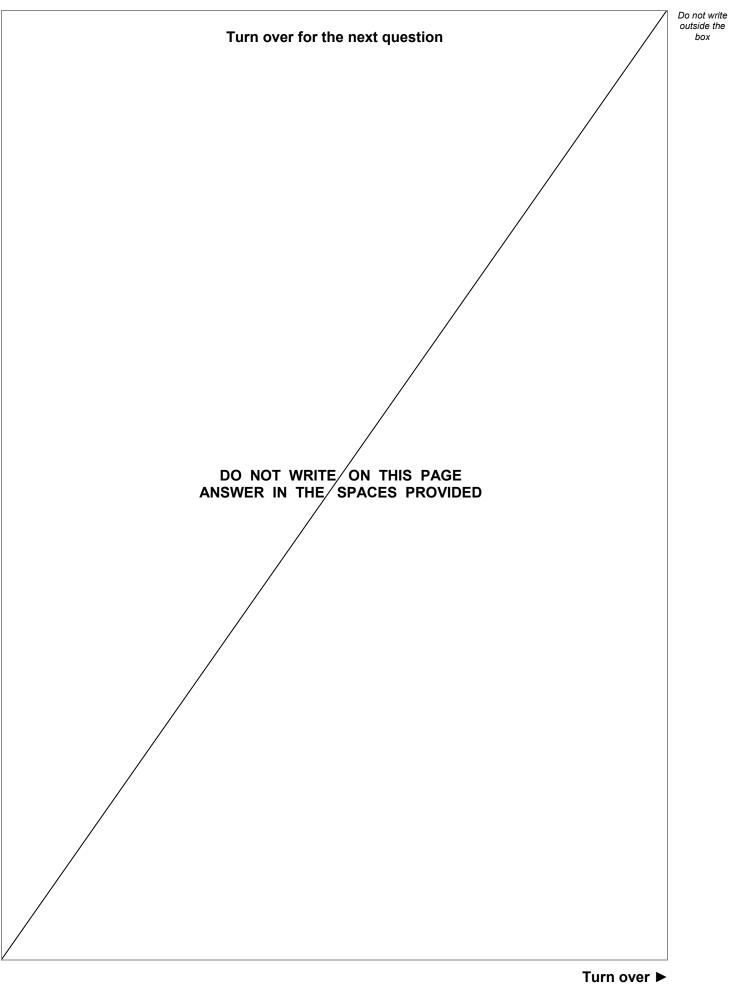


9.2	An electrician replaced the switch.
	The electrician would have received an electric shock unless the circuit was disconnected from the mains supply.
	Explain why.
	[3 marks]
	Question 9 continues on the next page

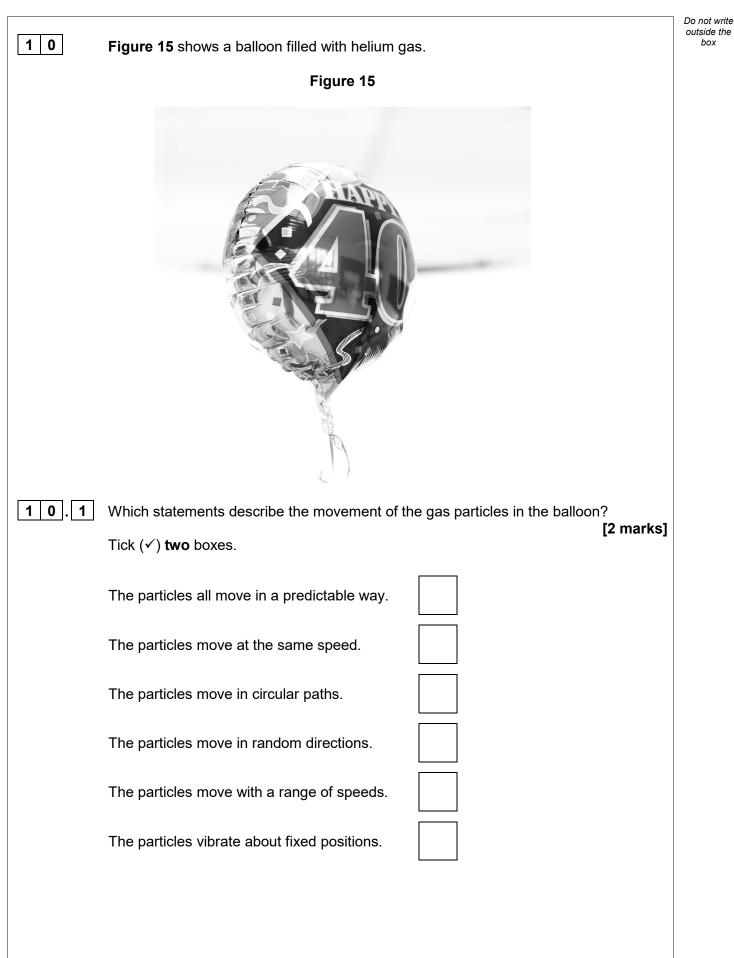








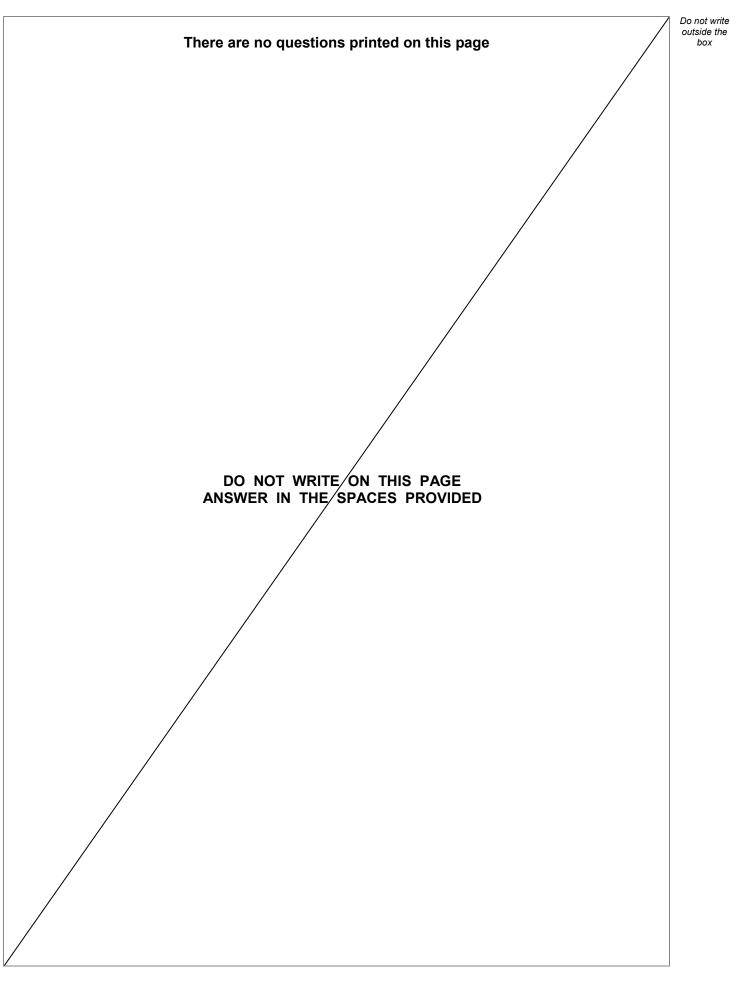






10.2	The pressure of the helium in the balloon is 100 000 Pa.	Do ou
<u> </u>	The volume of the balloon is 0.030 m^3 .	
	The balloon is compressed at a constant temperature causing the volume to decrease to 0.025 m ³ .	
	No helium leaves the balloon.	
	Calculate the new pressure in the balloon. [4 marks]	
	New pressure = Pa	
10.3	The temperature of the helium in the balloon was increased.	
	The mass and volume of helium in the balloon remained constant.	
	The mass and volume of helium in the balloon remained constant. Explain why the pressure exerted by the helium inside the balloon would increase. [4 marks]	
	Explain why the pressure exerted by the helium inside the balloon would increase.	
	Explain why the pressure exerted by the helium inside the balloon would increase.	
	Explain why the pressure exerted by the helium inside the balloon would increase.	
	Explain why the pressure exerted by the helium inside the balloon would increase.	
	Explain why the pressure exerted by the helium inside the balloon would increase.	
	Explain why the pressure exerted by the helium inside the balloon would increase.	







Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



Question	Additional page, if required.
number	Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.
	Copyright information
	For confidentiality purposes, all acknowledgements of third-party copyright material are published in a separate booklet. This booklet is published after each live examination series and is available for free download from www.aqa.org.uk.
	Permission to reproduce all copyright material has been applied for. In some cases, efforts to contact copyright-holders may have been unsuccessful and AQA will be happy to rectify any omissions of acknowledgements. If you have any queries please contact the Copyright Team.
	Copyright © 2020 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.



