

Please write clearly in	block capitals.	
Centre number	Candidate number	
Surname		
Forename(s)		
Candidate signature		
	I declare this is my own work.	

A-level PHYSICS

Paper 3 Section B Astrophysics

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a pencil and a ruler
- a scientific calculator
- a Data and Formulae Booklet
- a protractor.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- Show all your working.

Information

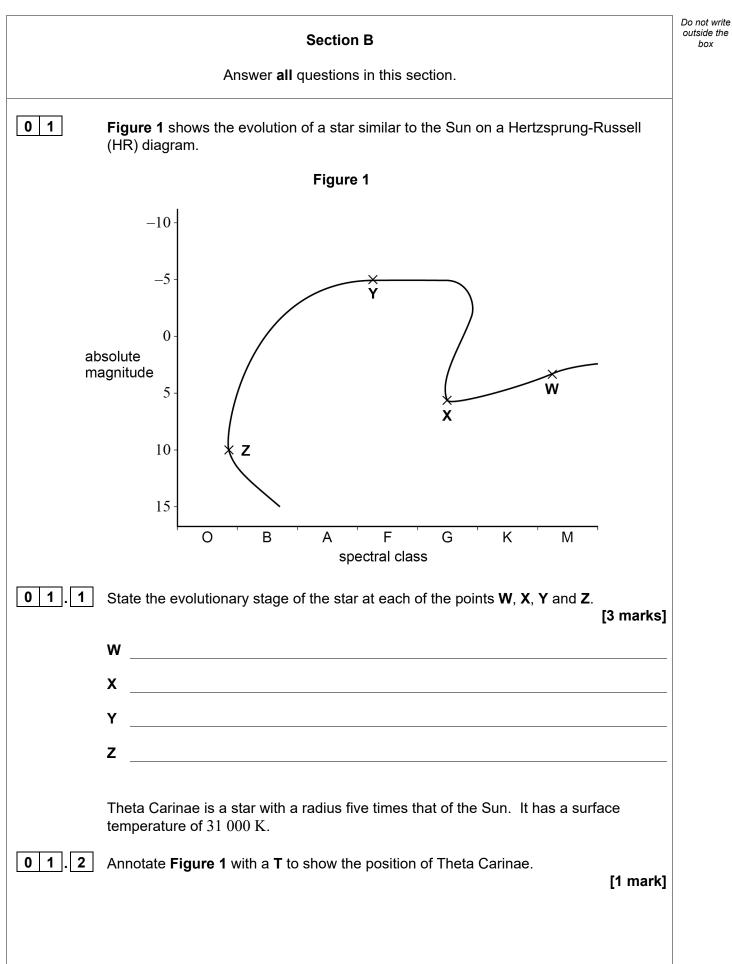
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 35.
- You are expected to use a scientific calculator where appropriate.
- A Data and Formulae Booklet is provided as a loose insert.



Time allowed: The total time for both sections of this paper is 2 hours. You are advised to spend approximately 50 minutes on this section.

For Examiner's Use	
Question	Mark
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
TOTAL	





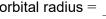


	An astronomer suggests that an Earth-sized planet orbits Theta Carinae.	
0 1.3	Explain one difficulty with using the transit method to detect this planet.	[2 marks]
0 1.4	The astronomer suggests that the Earth-sized planet receives a similar amo power from Theta Carinae as the Earth does from the Sun.	ount of
	The average power output of the Sun is 3.8×10^{26} W.	
	Determine the orbital radius of the Earth-sized planet orbiting Theta Carina	e. [5 marks]
	orbital radius =	m

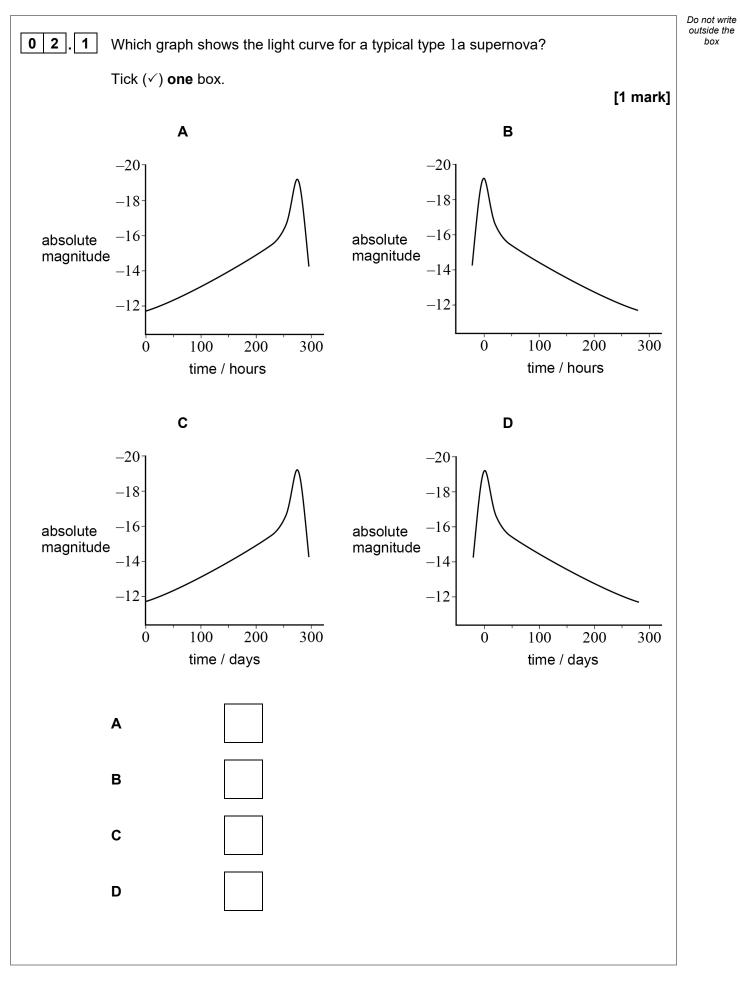
11

Do not write outside the

box





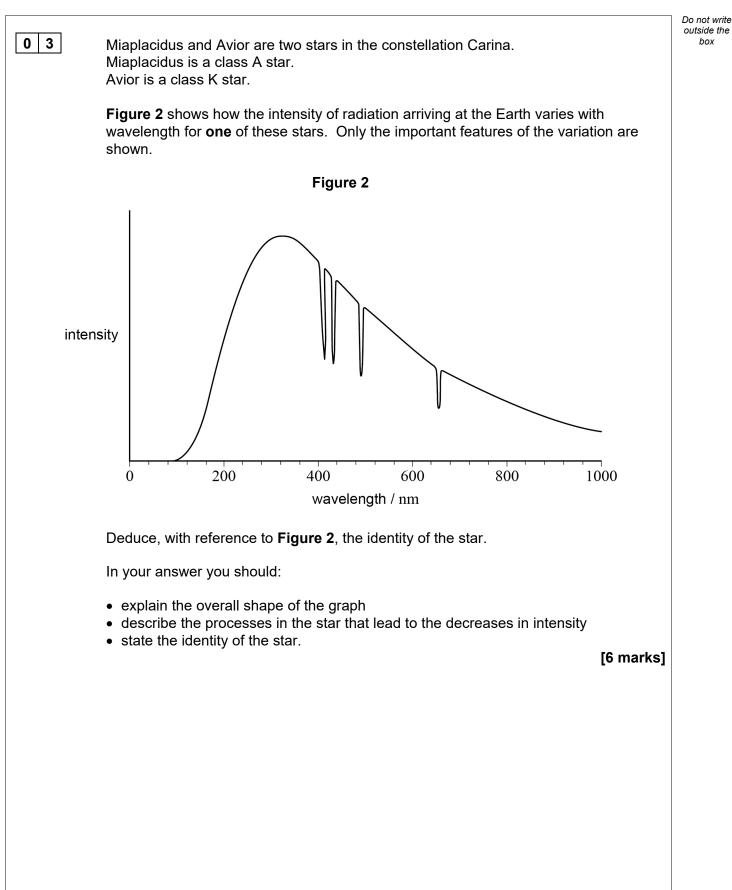




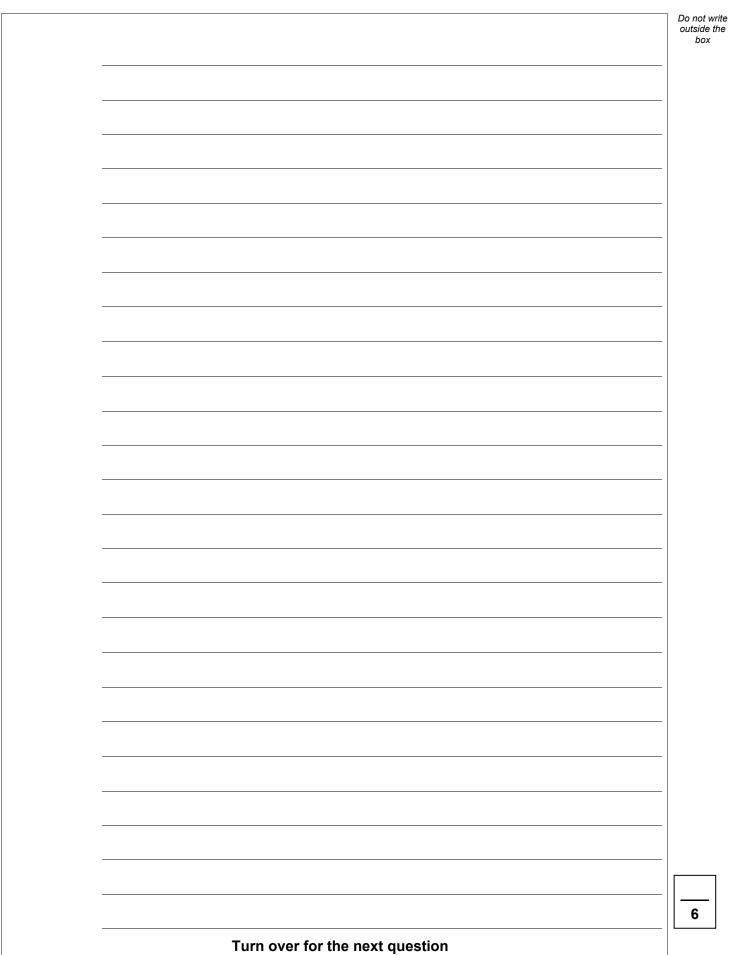
IB/M/Jun21/7408/3BA

02.2	The Andromeda galaxy is approximately $7.7 \times 10^5 \text{ pc}$ from Earth.	Do not write outside the box
	Deduce whether a type 1a supernova which occurred in Andromeda can be observed from Earth with the naked eye.	
	[3 marks]	
		4
	Turn over for the next question	











			Do not write outside the
0 4	IC2497 is a galaxy that contained a quasar. It is emitting radiation several thousand years ago.	pelieved that the quasar stopped	box
04.1	Suggest why the quasar stopped emitting radiation	n. [2 marks]	
04.2	IC2497 has a red shift of 0.0516		
	Determine the distance from the Earth to IC2497. Give an appropriate unit for your answer.	[4 marks]	
	distance =	unit =	6



0 5.1	Explain what is meant by the Rayleigh criterion. [2 marks]
0 5.2	A telescope uses wavelengths in the range 90 nm to 120 nm.
	Explain why this telescope must be located in space. Go on to discuss one advantage that this telescope has compared to a telescope with the same aperture that uses visible light. [3 marks]
Question 5 continues on the next page	



Turn over ►

Do not write outside the box

0 5. **3 Table 1** shows information about two telescopes.

Telescope	Diameter / m	Dish shape
Arecibo	305	spherical
Lovell	76	parabolic

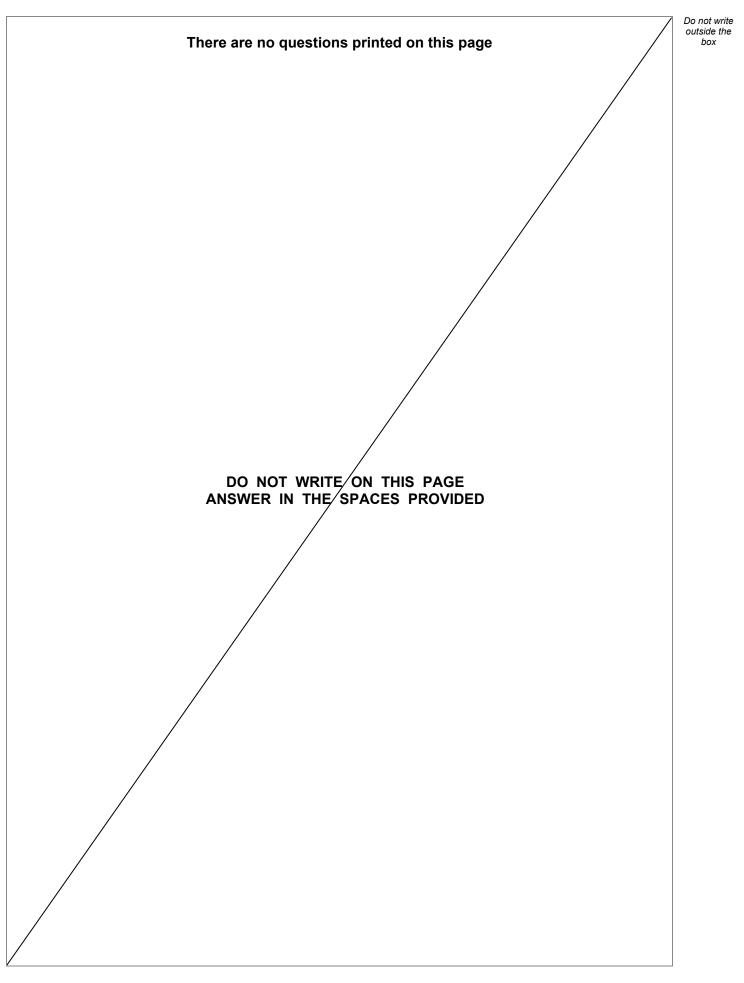
Each telescope detects radio waves with a wavelength of 21 cm.

Compare the performances of the telescopes in **Table 1** when both are used to observe the same faint radio objects.

[3 marks]

END OF QUESTIONS







Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



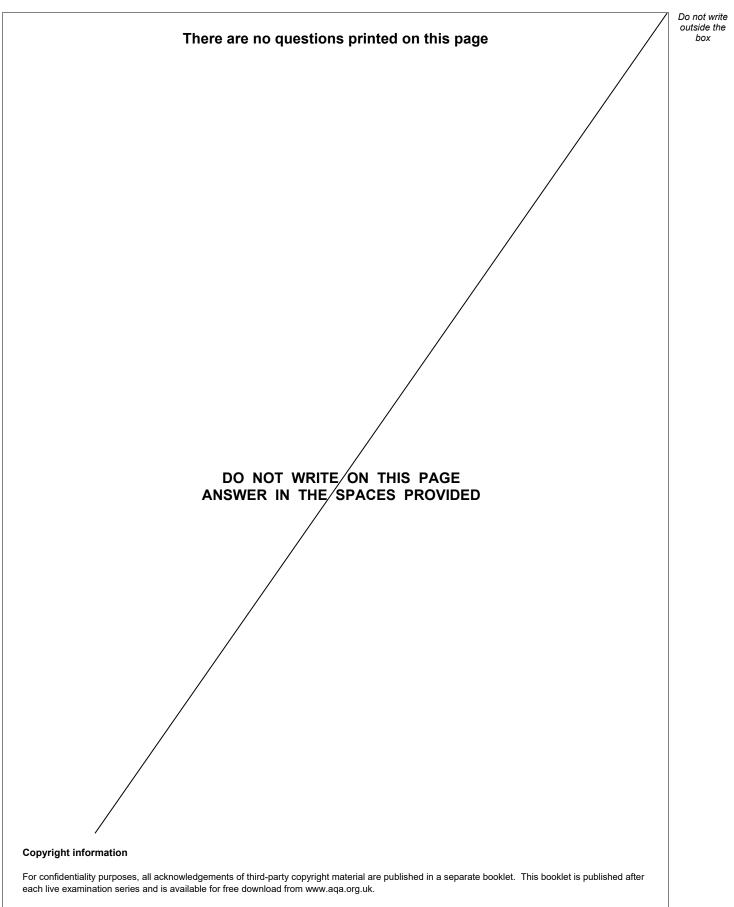
	Do not write outside the
argin.	box

Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.





Permission to reproduce all copyright material has been applied for. In some cases, efforts to contact copyright-holders may have been unsuccessful and AQA will be happy to rectify any omissions of acknowledgements. If you have any queries please contact the Copyright Team.

Copyright © 2021 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.





IB/M/Jun21/7408/3BA

16