

GCE

Biology A

Unit **H020/01:** Breadth in biology

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Mark Scheme for June 2017

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

OCR will not enter into any discussion or correspondence in connection with this mark scheme.

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Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
DO NOT ACCEPT	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE I	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW or ACCEPT	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument
√	Mark is awarded
X	Answer incorrect
٨	Omission mark
BOD	Benefit of doubt
ВР	Blank page
CON	Statement that contradicts a correct statement
	Use to indicate when part of a mark point has been achieved
ECF	Error carried forward
GM	Mark has already been awarded (given mark)
~~	Horizontal wavy line to indicate incorrect statements
NBOD	Not giving the benefit of doubt

Subject-specific Marking Instructions

INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

H020/01 Mark Scheme June 2017

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
	Mark the letter that is in the box. Credit a letter that is clearly credit ambiguous letters, unless the correction is clearly thicked indication of the correct answer.		
1	C ✓	1	
2	A ✓	1	
3	D ✓	1	
4	B✓	1	
5	C ✓	1	
6	A ✓	1	
7	D ✓	1	
8	C ✓	1	
9	C ✓	1	
10	B ✓	1	
11	C ✓	1	
12	A ✓	1	ACCEPT B
13	C ✓	1	
14	A 🗸	1	
15	B √	1	
16	C ✓	1	
17	A 🗸	1	
18	D <	1	ACCEPT A
19	C ✓	1	
20	B √	1	
	Total	20	

C	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
21	(a)	(i)	Only credit answers referring to root tips not the root in general	2 max	
			site of, cell division / cell replication / growth ✓		ACCEPT area where many cells are undergoing mitosis ACCEPT site of cell reproduction DO NOT ACCEPT cell growth DO NOT ACCEPT cell repair
			is meristem(atic tissue) ✓		
			no, chlorophyll / chloroplasts, present ✓		
21	(a)	(ii)		1	Mark the first answer only. If additional incorrect answer given, then 0 marks
					ACCEPT phonetic spelling as long as it is not ambiguous
			acetic orcein / methylene blue / toluidine blue ✓		ACCEPT Nile blue / Acridine orange / Ethidium bromide / Methyl green / Safranine / Leishman's / Crystal violet / Eosin blue / Sybr green / Gram stain / (Eosin and) haematoxylin
					DO NOT ACCEPT stains that are not, nucleus / DNA specific e.g. Methyl blue / Methyl orange / Congo red / Iodine / Iodine solution / ink / Evans blue / Sudan red

	Quest	ion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
21		ion	Answer 11.91 μm	Marks 2	Guidance Correct answer = 2 marks (indicated by 2 ticks) even if no working shown ACCEPT 11.06 to 12.77 μm ACCEPT 1.106 x 10 ⁻⁵ m to 1.277 x 10 ⁻⁵ m [sig figs retained for standard form] Otherwise, Award ONE mark for: correct final answer without (correct) unit OR correct final answer to wrong number of dp or incorrectly rounded OR seeing (one graticule division =) 20 ÷ 2.35 = 8.51 OR seeing (measurement of nucleus =) 1.3 to 1.5 (graticule / eye piece) units / divisions or 1.3 to 1.5 cm or 13 to 15 (graticule / eye piece) units / division or 13 to 15 mm
					OR diameter = 110.63 to 127.65 μm

(Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
22	(a)			3	ACCEPT ORA for glucose for mps 1, 2 3 & 4 only
			glycogen is		
			1 insoluble , so has no effect on , water potential / Ψ (of cell) ✓		1 ACCEPT insoluble so has no osmotic effect (on cell)
			2 <u>metabol</u> ically inactive ✓		
			3 compact / lots can be stored in a small space ✓		
			4 able to store , large amounts / lots , of energy ✓		
			 5 (highly branched so) has lots of ends for , adding / removing , glucose (when needed) or can be broken down , fast / quickly / rapidly , to release glucose ✓ 		5 IGNORE ref to surface area
					Note: 'compact so can store large amounts of energy' = 2 marks (mps 3 & 4)

C	Questi	ion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
22	(b)			3 max	NOTE answers must be the in context of protein transport. Penalise once if a different material (e.g. gene) is transported to max 2
			1 transport vesicle from RER ✓		
			2 modification / processing / folding ✓		ACCEPT example of modification e.g. converted into a glycoprotein ACCEPT in context of RER or Golgi
			3 in / at , Golgi (body / apparatus) ✓		3 IGNORE SER / smooth endoplasmic reticulum
			4 (packaged into) secretory vesicle ✓		
			5 vesicles move along the cytoskeleton ✓		5 ACCEPT use of motor proteins / chaperones / microtubules
			6 (vesicle) fuses with , cell <u>surface</u> / plasma , membrane ✓		6 ACCEPT merges with DO NOT ACCEPT binds / attaches / dissolves
			7 (secretion occurs by) exocytosis ✓		7 DO NOT ACCEPT exocytosis in context of excretion (rather than secretion) DO NOT ACCEPT vesicle being released by exocytosis

C	Quest	ion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
23	(a)		1 phospholipid bilayer ✓	2 max	ACCEPT mark points 1 and 2 from a clearly labelled diagram
			2 hydrophilic / phosphate (containing) , heads facing , outwards / towards external environment AND hydrophobic / fatty acid , tails facing , inwards / away from external environment ✓		
			3 proteins / phospholipids , free to move (in membrane) ✓		3 ACCEPT membrane components / molecules , free to move IGNORE fluid
			4 proteins, scattered / randomly arranged / spread throughout / here and there (between the phospholipids) ✓		4 NOTE 'embedded proteins' is not enough without the random arrangement indicated IGNORE mosaic
23	(b)	(i)	(progesterone is) hydrophobic / fat soluble / lipid (molecule) ✓	2	ACCEPT non-polar / uncharged IGNORE small
			(so) dissolves in / diffuses through / is not repelled by , the phospholipid (bilayer) / hydrophobic tails / fatty acid tails ✓		IGNORE passes / moves , through / across DO NOT ACCEPT diffuses through gaps ,

0	Quest	ion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
23	(b)	(ii)		1	Mark the first answer only. If additional incorrect answer given, then 0 marks
			water / oxygen / carbon dioxide ✓		ACCEPT correct formulae DO NOT ACCEPT incorrect formulae ACCEPT (named) alcohol / (other) named steroid hormone / triglyceride / glucose / vitamins / proteins / enzymes / (named) amino acid / anabolic steroid(s) etc (all of which are molecules and can cross the membrane by a passive or active method) DO NOT ACCEPT elemental ions (e.g. K ⁺ / Na ⁺ / Ca ²⁺ etc) element (e.g. sodium / potassium etc)
23	(c)	(i)	channel / carrier / transport / cotransporter , proteins ✓	1	ACCEPT sodium potassium pump / Na ⁺ K ⁺ pump
23	(c)	(ii)		2	In any order
			adenine ✓		IGNORE A DO NOT ACCEPT adenosine / other named base
			ribose ✓		DO NOT ACCEPT deoxyribose / other named pentose
					ACCEPT FOR 1 MARK: nitrogenous base and pentose / 5C sugar

(Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
23	(d)	(i)		3	Mark answer on answer line. If no answer on answer line then look for a clear 'final' answer in the working.
			3.83 ✓✓✓		Correct answer = 3 marks (indicated by 3 ticks) even if no working shown IGNORE minus sign
					AWARD max 2 for correct answer not to 2dp or for 3 5/6
					If answer is incorrect
					AWARD 1 mark for (calculating difference between means):
					0.44 - 0.21 = 0.23 OR 0.21 - 0.44 = - 0.23
					AWARD 1 mark for:
					$\sqrt{\frac{0.06^2}{10}} + \frac{0.18^2}{10}$
					OR
					$\sqrt{0.0036} + \frac{0.0324}{10}$
					OR $\sqrt{0.00036 + 0.00324}$

(Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
23	(d)	(ii)	If answer to (d)(i) is greater than 2.10 then	2	If no answer for (d)(i), then allow 1 max for correctly stating when to , accept / reject , H ₀
			rejected because value of t is higher than critical value (H₀ is rejected so) the difference (between the means), is significant/ not due to chance ✓		ACCEPT H₀ is rejected because 3.83 is greater than 2.10
			If answer to (d)(i) is less than 2.10 (including negative numbers) then accepted because value of t is lower than critical value ✓ (H₀ is accepted so) the difference (between the means), is not significant / is due to chance ✓		ACCEPT H₀ is accepted because 't value' is less than 2.10

Que	stion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
23 (e)			3 max	Award marks from any D or E statements but max 2 explain marks (E) Put just a tick for D marks and green blob by the tick for E marks to ensure max 2 E marks awarded IGNORE 'as temperature increases' unqualified
		E1 an increase in pigment (leaking out of cells) increases absorbance ✓		E1 ACCEPT as clearly linked ideas
		at low(er) temperature D2 there is , little/ no , change in absorbance ✓ E2 membrane is , (still) intact / undamaged ✓		For D2 and E2 if temperatures are quoted without 'low(er)' then °C must be used at least once any range starting at 0 and ending between 20 and 40°C
		at high(er) temperature D3 there is a (steep) increase in absorbance ✓ E3 (pigment, leaves cells / leaks out when)		For D3 and E3 if temperatures are quoted without 'high(er)' then °C must be used at least once above 30/40°C IGNORE enzymes denature

C	Quest	ion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
24	(a)	(i)	ribosome(s) ✓	1	If additional incorrect answer given, then 0 marks
24	(a)	(ii)		2	In either order
			(Eu)bacteria ✓		DO NOT ACCEPT bacterium
			Archaea(bacteria) ✓		ACCEPT phonetic spelling
24	(a)	(iii)		2 max	Mark the first two answers but IGNORE multicellular DO NOT ACCEPT microtubule / cytoskeleton / centriole
			nucleus ✓		
			DNA with , histones / (associated) proteins ✓		
			linear DNA ✓		IGNORE chromosome
			(named) membrane bound organelles ✓		IGNORE chloroplast
			80s ribosomes ✓		ACCEPT large(r) ribosomes
24	(b)		1 scientific , conferences / meetings ✓	2 max	
			2 peer review / approving the work for publication / publication in (reputable) scientific journal ✓		ACCEPT analysing the procedures and data of the investigation
			3 replication of work (by others to see if the same results are obtained) ✓		3 ACCEPT (others) repeat the experiments
			4 look for more (supporting) evidence (e.g. from other peoples' work / investigating other molecules) ✓		4 Other molecules could include cytochrome C

Question		ion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
25	(a)	(i)	(new DNA molecule comprises) one, original / old / parent, strand and one new strand each strand (of DNA molecule) acts as a template strand (for a new double helix) ✓	1 max	DO NOT ACCEPT 'DNA strand' instead of 'DNA molecule'
25	(a)	(ii)		4 max	Mark the first 2 enzymes mentioned NOTE only award the function mark when linked to the
					correct enzyme
					IGNORE ligase
			E1 (DNA) helicase ✓		
			F1 unzips the DNA molecule / breaks hydrogen bonds (between complementary bases) / separates the (2) strands ✓		F1 IGNORE unwinds the DNA molecule
			E2 <u>DNA</u> polymerase ✓		E2 DO NOT ACCEPT RNA polymerase
			F2 forms phosphodiester bonds /		F2 DO NOT ACCEPT forms H bonds ACCEPT checks for errors (in nucleotide sequence)
			Also creditworthy E3 gyrase ✓		
			F3 unwinds / uncoils , the DNA ✓		

Question		ion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
25	(b)			2 max	Marks can be awarded from suitably labelled / annotated diagrams
			tube with generation 1 shows (new) DNA / band, contains,		ACCEPT shows that (new) DNA is a hybrid
			light nitrogen / N ¹⁴ , and , heavy nitrogen / N ¹⁵ ✓		
			tube with generation 2		
			(new) DNA / band , made from only , light nitrogen / N^{14}		
			so a , light / N ¹⁴ , strand of <u>DNA</u> must be a , template / parent strand , for the new molecule ✓		Could be credited in context of generation 10 instead (but only award once)
			tube with generation 10		
			(highest band gets thicker because) more of the <u>DNA</u> is made from <u>only</u> , light nitrogen / N ¹⁴ ✓		

Question		ion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
26	(a)		 1 temperature ✓ 2 pH ✓ 3 concentration of , protein / gelatine ✓ 4 volume / mass / surface area , of , protein / gelatine ✓ 5 volume of , protease / bromelain / enzyme ✓ 	3 max	 IGNORE the numbered prompt lines and mark the 1st 3 distinct variables, whether they are on the same line or on separate lines. IGNORE amount of , protein / gelatine IGNORE substrate IGNORE substrate IGNORE amount of , protease / bromelain / enzyme DO NOT ACCEPT enzyme concentration
			6 same source of , enzyme / gelatine ✓7 same reaction end point ✓		 ACCEPT use the same (type of), pineapple / gelatine ACCEPT 'stop the time when completely broken down' DO NOT ACCEPT measure for the same time
26	(b)	(i)	1 / time or 1 ÷ time ✓	1	ACCEPT 1 / seconds or 1 ÷ seconds
26	(b)	(ii)	 (SD) shows spread (of data) around the mean ✓ all , data / concentrations , have small SD ✓ (so) little variation in repeats / high repeatability ✓ as concentration increases the SD increases (in first 4 concentrations) ✓ (so) as concentration increases repeatability decreases ✓ 	2 max	IGNORE reliability / accuracy IGNORE ref to 'results' 4 ACCEPT 0.01% deviated the least and 0.075% deviated the most 5 ACCEPT greater variability of repeats at higher concentrations

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
Question 26 (c)	Answer 1 as enzyme concentration increases the rate (of digestion) increases because, more ESCs formed / more active sites available ✓ 2 as the enzyme concentration increases the, concentration / availability, of substrate remains the same ✓ 3 rate, plateaus / levels off, because,	Marks 3 max	
	many active sites are empty / lack of substrate ✓ 4 substrate concentration is limiting ✓ 5 at high(er) concentrations the , error bars overlap / SD increases , so any difference in the data may be uncertain ✓	50	5 ACCEPT 'SD bars' for 'error bars' DO NOT ACCEPT 'range bars' Uncertainty may be expressed as: Greater (potential) error in measuring shorter times The rate of digestion may not plateau at high(er) concentrations There may be no difference between the rate at high(er) concentrations We can't tell if there is any difference in the rates at high(er) concentrations
	Total	50	

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations) 1 Hills Road Cambridge **CB1 2EU**

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Education and Learning

Telephone: 01223 553998 Facsimile: 01223 552627

Email: general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk

www.ocr.org.uk

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