

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2019

Pearson Edexcel Advanced Level In Biology (9BN0) Paper 01 The Natural Environment and Species Survival

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- In questions marked with an **asterisk** (*), marks will be awarded for the ability to structure answers logically showing how the points are related or follow on from each other where appropriate.

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1(a)(i)	The only correct answer is D thylakoids	
	A is not correct because the cristae are not found in the chloroplast	
	B is not correct because the matrix is not found in the chloroplast	
	C is not correct because the stroma is not the site of the light-dependent reactions	(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1(a)(ii)	The only correct answer is D reduced NADP, ATP and oxygen	
	A is not correct because carbon dioxide is not a product of photosynthesis	
	B is not correct because glucose is the end product of the light independent reactions	
	C is not correct because reduced NAD is not a product of the light-dependent reactions	(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1(a)(iii)	The only correct answer is D water	
	A is not correct because alugase is not the source of budrogen in the light dependent reactions	
	A is not correct because glucose is not the source of hydrogen in the light-dependent reactions	
	B is not correct because reduced NAD is not the source of hydrogen in the light-dependent reactions	
	C is not correct because reduced NADP not the source of hydrogen in the light-dependent reactions	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(b)	An explanation that makes reference to three of the following points		
	description of carbon dioxide as a limiting factor (1)		
	 carbon dioxide is fixed to produce { GP / GALP } (1) 	ALLOW other relevant biological	
	 (therefore increased carbon dioxide) results in more { carbohydrate / polysaccharides / glucose } being produced (1) 	molecule e.g. amino acids, lipids, nucleic acids	
		ALLOW faster growth	
	which would lead to a greater rate of { growth / cell division } (1)		(3)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
2(a)(i)		Example of calculation	
	• 9477	Gross productivity – net productivity	
		14092 - 4615	
			(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(a)(ii)		Example of calculation	
		(464 ÷ 4615) x 100 =	
	 calculation of energy fixed as biomass by secondary consumers as a percentage of the energy fixed by primary consumers 	10.1 (same number of decimal places as other values in table)	
			(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
2(a)(iii)	The only correct answer is A - 1.2%	
	B is incorrect because 12% has the decimal point in the incorrect place	
	C is incorrect because 36.6% is NPP divided by GPP	
	D is incorrect because 55.8% is (NPP of producers-energy intake of primary consumers) divided by NPP	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(b)	An explanation that makes reference to three of the following	ALLOW energy instead of light	
	 not all of the light falls on the { leaves / plants / producers } (1) 	ALLOW some of the light falls on { bark/parts of the plant that do not photosynthesise}	
	some of the light is reflected (from the surface of the leaf) (1)	ALLOW chlorophyll / photosystem	
	 some of the light misses the chloroplasts (and passes through leaf) (1) 		
	 some of the light is { the wrong wavelength / not absorbed by the chlorophyll } (1) 	ALLOW description of not all light wavelengths being absorbed	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(a)	a group of organisms that can interbreed to produce fertile offspring	ALLOW 'breed', 'reproduce', 'mate' for 'interbreed'	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
3(b)	A description that makes reference to four of the following:		
	 DNA obtained from the two types of grass snake (1) 		
	 { PCR / restriction enzymes } used to produce fragments of DNA (1) 	ALLOW produce different length sections of DNA or target regions of DNA	
	• gel electrophoresis used to analyse the DNA samples (1)	ALLOW description of gel electrophoresis e.g. use of agarose gel and electric current	
	• (gel electrophoresis) used to separate the fragments of DNA (1)		
	 more differences in the pattern of bands produced would indicate that the snakes are different species (1) 	ALLOW similar patterns in the bands would indicate they are the same species	(4)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
3(c)	An explanation that makes reference to four of the following:		
	 mutation leads to { variation within the population of grass snakes / (snakes with) different colour or markings } (1) 		
	(natural selection led to) those snakes which were better camouflaged surviving to reproduce (1)		
	(therefore) giving rise to two populations with differing allele frequency (1)	ALLOW separate gene pools develop or a change in allele frequency	
	(as the result of natural selection) the two populations became reproductively isolated (1)	ALLOW can no longer breed with each other	
	sympatric speciation (in the context of new species developing in the same habitat) (1)		(4)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
4(a)(i)	The only correct answer is B 1	
	The only conclusion that can be valid for these results is that 'each vegetable contains less vitamin C when it is cooked than uncooked'	
	A is incorrect because there is one valid conclusion	
	B is incorrect because there is only one valid conclusion	
	C is incorrect because there is only one valid conclusion	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(a)(ii)		Example of calculation	
	 recommended daily value divided by concentration in cooked cauliflower (1) 	(90 ÷ 20) = 4.5	
	correct mass of cauliflower calculated (1)	450 g	
		ALLOW 450 000 mg	
		Correct answer with no working gains full marks	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(b)	An answer that makes reference to the following:		
	 cauliflower extract from same mass (of cooked and uncooked cauliflower) (1) 	ALLOW cauliflower extracts of the same concentration produced	
	description of titration of cauliflower extract with DCPIP (1)	e.g. volume of cauliflower extract taken to decolourise the DCPIP ALLOW volume of DCPIP added to cauliflower extract until the DCPIP is no longer decolourised	
	 using same {volume / concentration} of DCPIP (1) 		
	 determine the vitamin C content in cooked and uncooked cauliflower by comparing with solution of known vitamin C concentration (1) 	e.g. by using a vitamin C calibration curve	(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(a)	An explanation that makes reference to the following	ALLOW converse for all points for the effects of a decrease in temperature	
	 an increase in temperature will increase the rate of { decomposition / decay } (1) 	ALLOW high temperatures may denature enzymes and decrease rate of decomposition	
	 (an increase in temperature) increases enzyme activity (1) an increase in temperature increases growth rate of {bacteria / fungi / decomposers} (1) 	ALLOW increases rate of multiplication	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(b)	A description that makes reference to three of the following:		
	 (body) temperature falls (1) rigor mortis / stiffening of the muscles (1) 	ALLOW algor mortis	
	autolysis / break down of cells by enzymes in the body (1)	ALLOW breakdown of tissues by enzymes	
		ALLOW accumulation of gases	(3)

putrefaction / discolouration / bloating (1)	

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
5(c)(i)	A description that makes reference to three of the following:		
	standardisation of pigs studied (1)	e.g. same {size / breed / mass / type / age /sex}	
	named {environmental condition / abiotic factor} controlled (1)	ALLOW example of an abiotic factor being monitored such as temperature	
	 record the presence of different species (of insects) (1) 	temperature	
	at regular intervals of time (1)		
		e.g. every 24 hours, every day, hourly, weekly	(2)
			(3)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
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Number		
5(c)(ii)	An explanation that makes reference to three of the following:	
	 record which {insects / species} are present (on the human) (1) 	
	 compare with results from investigation (on pigs) to determine time of death (1) 	
	take into account which stages of the lifecycle are present (1)	
	 (when using stage of succession to determine time of death) environmental variables need to be taken into account (1) 	
		(3)
Question Number	Answer	Mark
6(a)(i)	The only correct answer is D - ribosome	
	A is not correct because amyloplasts are only found in plant cells	
	B is not correct because chloroplasts are only found in plant cells	
	C is not correct because mesosomes are only found in bacterial cells	(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		

6(a)(ii)	The only correct answer is A-amyloplast	
	B is not correct because Golgi apparatus is found in plant and animal cells	
	C is not correct because mesosomes are found only in bacterial cells	
	D is not correct because some animal cells also have a vacuole	(1)

Question	Answer	Mark	
Number			
6(a)(iii)	The only correct answer is D-smooth endoplasmic reticulum		
	A is not correct because amyloplasts are only found in plant cells		
	B is not correct because animal cells do not have a cell wall		
	C is not correct because pili are only found in bacterial cells	(1)	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(b)		Example of calculation	
	length of mitochondrion divided by magnification (1)	116 ÷ 20 000 = 0.0058	
	correct answer with appropriate units (1)	5.8 μm	
		ALLOW 5.8 x10 ⁻³ mm / 5.8 x10 ⁻⁴ cm / 0.0058 mm / 0.00058 cm	
		Correct answer with units gains full marks	
		ALLOW 5.75 µm for one mark if length measured as 115mm	
		Correct answer with no working gains full marks	(2)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
6(c)	An answer that makes reference to three of the following:		
	Similarities		
	both have glycosidic bonds (1)	IGNORE 1,4 and 1,6	
	description of every other monomer being inverted (1)	ALLOW every other glucose	
	<u>Differences</u>		
	• (the monomers of) chitin have eight carbon atoms whereas in cellulose there are six carbon atoms (1)		
	 chitin { has an additional side chain / contains nitrogen but cellulose does not } (1) 	ALLOW only chitin contains nitrogen / chitin has an amide group	
			(3)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
7 (a)	A description that makes reference to the following:		
	(a peptide bond is formed by a) condensation reaction (1)		
	 between the {amine group / NH₂} and the {carboxyl group / COOH} of adjacent amino acids (1) 	ALLOW 'amino' for 'amine' and 'carboxylic acid' for 'carboxyl'	
			(2)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
7(b)	An answer that makes reference to four of the following:		
	description of production of agar plates with bacteria (1)	ALLOW plates { inoculated / seeded} with bacteria, production of bacterial lawn or streak plates	
	 description of method used to add plant extract to plates (1) 	e.g. on filter paper discs or in wells	
	 extracts used separately and in combination (1) 		
	• incubate for at 37°C for an appropriate period of time (1)	ALLOW time from 24 to 72h and a temperature from 35-38°C	
	measure and compare the sizes of zones of inhibition (1)	e.g. diameter or area ALLOW comparative statements such as the larger the area, the more	
		effective the antimicrobial properties	(4)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
7(c)	The only correct answer is C - preventing the multiplication of bacteria	
	A is not correct because bacteriostatic antibiotics do not destroy bacteria	
	B is not correct because antibiotics are not effective against viruses	
	D is not correct because antibiotics do not prevent the development of antibiotic resistance	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
7(d)	A description that makes reference to three of the following:		
	• hand wash (stations) (1)	ALLOW antibacterial / antiseptic /alcohol gel / hand sanitisers	
	• (doctors / nurses) not to wear { ties / watches / long sleeves } (1)		
	• testing patients for the presence of antibiotic resistant bacteria before admission / {isolation / quarantine} of infected patients (1)		
	 increased washing of bedding / disinfection of { beds / surfaces } (1) 	ALLOW use of disposable bedding	(3)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
8(a)(i)	A description that makes reference to the following:		
	• thrombin is an enzyme (1)		
	(which catalyses) the conversion of fibrinogen into fibrin (1)		
	 a mesh of fibrin traps { platelets / red blood cells } to form a clot (1) 	IGNORE 'platelet plug'	
			(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(a)(ii)	An explanation that makes reference to the following:		
	 (mutation in the gene) changes the sequence of the amino acids (in the factor V molecule) (1) 	ALLOW the mutation results in a change to the {primary structure/ polypeptide chain}	
	• (overactive factor V will) increase the production of thrombin (1)		
	increases blood clotting (1)	ALLOW increased risk of blood clotting	(3)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number	An answer that makes reference to the following:		
8(b)	 An answer that makes reference to the following: percentage incidence (of VTE) higher in {older people /people older than 70 } (1) 	ALLOW converse – incidence of VTE lower in {younger people/ people under 20}	
	 in younger people larger percentage (of VTE patients) have the factor V mutation (1) 	ALLOW converse - lower percentage of older people have the factor V mutation	
	(therefore) genotype has a greater influence on incidence (of VTE) in younger people (1)	ALLOW converse – genotype has less influence on incidence of VTE in older people	
	(therefore) greater incidence (of VTE) in older people probably a result of environmental factors (1)		(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
9(a)(i)		Example of calculation	
	• correct calculation of Q ₁₀ value	(240 ÷ 80 =) 3	
			(1)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
9(a)(ii)	 An explanation that makes reference to three of the following: (between 20 °C and 30 °C) there is more kinetic energy available (1) therefore there will be more frequent collisions (between enzyme and substrate) (1) 	ALLOW more frequent collisions between catalase and hydrogen peroxide	
	more enzyme-substrate complexes formed (1)		
	• (the Q ₁₀ value indicates) the activity triples with the 10 °C temperature rise (1)		(3)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
9(a)(iii)	An explanation that makes reference to two of the following:		
	 Q₁₀ value is less than 1.0 (1) because the enzyme is denatured (1) 	ALLOW Q ₁₀ value of 0.59	
	therefore no increase in formation of enzyme-substrate complexes / substrate no longer fits active site (1)	ALLOW fewer enzyme-substrate complexes formed	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
9(b)	An answer that makes reference to four of the following:		
	 climate change could result in { increased temperature / increased humidity / change in rainfall patterns / drought } (1) 		
	 increase in temperature could increase the growth of the leaf rust (1) 	ALLOW increased reproduction of leaf rust (yeast)	
	• { increased rainfall / increased humidity } could increase the spread of the leaf rust (1)		
	a period of drought could reduce the spread of leaf rust (1)		
	 relevant observation about the impact on crop yield (1) 	e.g. decrease in yield of wheat if leaf rust {spread/growth} is increased and vice versa	
			(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
10(a)	An explanation that makes reference to three of the following:		
	relevant example of human activity (1)	e.g. burning fossil fuels / landfill / cattle ranching / deforestation	
	 increasing a named greenhouse gas (1) 	e.g. carbon dioxide / methane	
	 therefore more {heat energy / infrared radiation} is trapped in the atmosphere (1) 	ALLOW more heat trapped in the atmosphere	
	 causing a mean increase in the {surface / atmospheric} temperature (1) 		(3)

Question Number	Answer
10*(b)	Answers will be credited according to candidate's deployment of knowledge and understanding of the material in relation to the qualities and skills outlined in the generic mark scheme.
	The indicative content below is not prescriptive and candidates are not required to include all the material which is indicated as relevant. Additional content included in the response must be scientific and relevant.
	Indicative content
	Human activity increasing carbon dioxide levels e.g. burning fossil fuels such as oil, coal, gas
	Therefore human activity is increasing the level of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere, which then dissolves in the oceans
	Graphs show that as carbon dioxide levels increase, pH of the oceans decreases
	Reduction in pH increases the percentage of snails with damaged shells
	These will not survive therefore less food available for fish / impact on food chains and food webs in the oceans
	There may be an initial increase in fish population due to snails becoming more vulnerable to predation
	Therefore reduction in fish populations

Level	Mark	Descriptor	Additional Guidance
Level	Marks	No awardable content	
0			
Level	1-2	An explanation may be attempted but with limited interpretation or	One study focussed on
1		analysis of the scientific information with a focus on mainly just one	
		piece of scientific information.	
		The explanation will contain basic information with some attempt made	Increase in CO ₂ / pH in oceans becoming
		to link knowledge and understanding to the given context.	lower or effect of lower pH on snail shells
Level	3-4	An explanation will be given with occasional evidence of analysis,	Reference to effect of pH on shells of
2		interpretation and/or evaluation of both pieces of scientific information.	snails linked to CO ₂ and changes in pH in
			oceans
		The explanation shows some linkages and lines of scientific reasoning	
		with some structure.	Links made to effects on food chains due
			to fewer snails
Level	5-6	An explanation is made which is supported throughout by sustained	Analysis of both studies linked to human
3		application of relevant evidence of analysis, interpretation and/or	activity and change in pH of oceans.
		evaluation of both pieces of scientific information.	Explanation of the effect on fish
		·	populations.
		The explanation shows a well-developed and sustained line of scientific	Snails with damaged shells do not survive
		reasoning which is clear and logically structured.	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
10(c)	An answer that makes reference to the following:		
	an inverse relationship described (1)	e.g. as temperature increases the lifespan decreases ALLOW negative correlation	
	• quantification of the relationship (1)	e.g. from 15 to 30°C decrease of 84% / 109.9 days or a decrease of 7.3 days per degree increase in temperature (130.3 - 20.4) ÷ 15 = 7.3	
			(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
11(a)	An explanation that makes reference to the following:		
	(a recessive disorder is one) caused by a faulty allele (1)	ALLOW faulty gene	
	 that is only expressed in the { homozygous condition / absence of a normal allele } (1) 	ALLOW only expressed if genotype is { homozygous recessive / bb } or if two recessive alleles are inherited	
			(2)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
11(b)(i)	The only correct answer is B Bb and Bb	
	A is not correct because the parent who is bb would have Batten disease	
	C is not correct because neither parent has the b allele	
	D is not correct because the parent who is bb would have Batten disease and the parent who is BB would not have the b allele	
		(1)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
11(b)(ii)	An answer that makes reference to the following:		
	correct genetic diagram with reference to offspring genotypes (1)	e.g. BB, Bb, Bb and bb	
	correct probability of inheriting Batten disease (1)	1 in 4 / 25% / 0.25 IGNORE ratios	(2)

Number 11*(c) A	
r T ii	 Answers will be credited according to candidate's deployment of knowledge and understanding of the material in relation to the qualities and skills outlined in the generic mark scheme. The indicative content below is not prescriptive and candidates are not required to include all the material which is indicated as relevant. Additional content included in the response must be scientific and relevant. Indicative content Adult screening advantages and disadvantages Identifies risk of developing a particular disease in the future so choices can be made e.g. extra screening for breast cancer or preventative mastectomy/screening and lifestyle changes for some types of CVD Identification of carriers so choices can be made about family planning – both partners tested, risk can be identified and have prenatal screening May not want to know if you have a high likelihood of developing a disease, if one person is tested it may give other family members information they would chose not to know, may potentially affect life insurance

Prenatal screening advantages and disadvantages

- Amniocentesis prepares parents for child with disease/gives choice of abortion
- Chorionic villus sampling as amniocentesis, carried out earlier in pregnancy
- Some of the conditions tested for are very unpleasant and may be life limiting
- NIPD non-invasive, less traumatic procedure, no increased risk of miscarriage
- PGD only implant healthy embryos, do not have to make decision about abortion
- Both amniocentesis and CVS carry increased risk of miscarriage, especially CVS (although it can be carried out earlier in the pregnancy)
- Can't cure the disease, only choice is to have an abortion-not acceptable to everyone
- For conditions such as CF, where there is more than one possible mutation, test is only for most common mutations so there may be false negatives
- NIPD currently only available for chromosome disorders such as Down's syndrome
- PGD involves IVF, which can be emotionally traumatic and only has about 30% success rate
- All pre-natal screening has a risk of false positives with abortion of a healthy fetus.
- Procedures involving IVF can be regarded as unethical because many embryos are discarded
- Invasive nature of some of the tests

Level	Mark	Descriptor	Additional Guidance
0	Mark	No awardable content	
1	1-2	Limited scientific judgement made with a focus on one side of the argument only.	Only considered one benefit or one risk without further explanation beyond a brief description.
		A conclusion may be attempted, demonstrating isolated elements of biological knowledge and understanding but with limited evidence to support the judgement being made.	A generalised discussion without focusing on the details of specific types of screening
2	3-4	A scientific judgement is made through the application of relevant evidence to both sides of the argument.	Considers at least two types of screening
		A conclusion is made, demonstrating linkages to elements of biological knowledge and understanding, with occasional evidence to support the judgement being made.	One advantage and one disadvantage of each type of screening discussed.
3	5-6	A scientific judgement is made, which is supported throughout by sustained application of relevant evidence from the analysis and interpretation of the scientific information.	Advantages and disadvantages of blood tests and pre-natal tests discussed fully. Discussion of blood tests to identify adults with genetic disorders.
		A conclusion is made, demonstrating sustained linkages to biological knowledge and understanding with evidence to support the judgement being made.	Conclusion or judgement made, e.g. identifying genetic disorders by blood tests in adults is better as the disadvantages have less impact than disadvantages of genetic testing on embryos / fetuses.

